TOC	S#	New Slides (Published 08/08/2023)
Title Slide	1	Extra Help FSW Training
		Hello!
		Welcome to the Online Orientation for the Extra Help FSW.
Introduction	2	This training module takes about 15-20 minutes to complete, followed by an approximately 30-minute video.
		You should be able to stop and start again if you need to, and you will not have to start over. There are a few quizzes that you have to do along the way.
		Let's get started!
Learning Objectives	3	Learning Objectives for the Online Orientation
Objectives		 Learn about the responsibilities of the child welfare agency (DCFS) Reflect on the mission and practice model of the child welfare agency. Find out about collaborating agencies. Recognize fundamental concepts of culture and how it impacts our work.
Extra Help FSW	4	What will you be doing?
Role		Usually, Extra Help FSWs will be assigned as secondary workers on other workers' cases. These cases are NOT supposed to be the most difficult or complex cases on their caseloads.
		Extra Help FSWs may make home visits, provide transportation, or supervise family time between children and their caregivers. They must also document these activities in CHRIS the Division Information Management System, which is currently CHRIS.
		Let's take a closer look at some of these primary job expectations for Extra Help FSWs.
Extra Help FSW Role	5	Expectations of the Extra Help FSW:
. Total		 Assigned as secondary on out-of-home care and protective services cases. Conduct home visits to children in out-of-home care and protective services cases. The primary FSW should provide details about the specifics of the case.
		Remember to review the affidavit, recent case contacts, and most recent court orders to get additional information about the family and what you may need to be aware of when supervising family time.

Extra Help FSW Role	6	Expectations of the Extra Help FSW
NOIE		 Monitor supervised family time between caregivers and their children. Assess safety on an on-going basis, looking for: 1. Current safety threats that place a child(ren) in immediate danger 2. Risk of future harm (that would result in the family's reinvolvement with the agency) Note: Assessing child safety includes children in the home and in out-of-
		home placement
Extra Help FSW Role	7	Expectations of the Extra Help FSW · Immediately notify the primary FSW and supervisor if any safety threats are present. · Maintain ongoing contact with the primary FSW to discuss progress and concerns, and to coordinate responsibilities. Note: If you identify a safety threat, you <i>cannot</i> leave the child until you have
		talked to the assigned or on-call supervisor and determined next steps regarding either an Immediate Safety Plan or a removal.
DCFS	8	The Agency The Agency is DCFS, which stands for: Division of Children and Family Services Review the Mission Statement on the next screen.
DCFS Mission	9	To keep children safe and help families. DCFS will respectfully engage families and youth and use community-based services and supports to assist parents in successfully caring for their children. We will focus on the safety, permanency, and well-being for ALL children and youth.
Practice Model	10	Practice Model Vision, Priorities, & Values In addition to the mission, DCFS has a Practice Model to establish HOW work with children and families happens. On the next few slides, we will introduce this Practice Model.
		Take a look at its vision, priorities, and values for HOW work is done.

Practice Model	11	At One Table
		Arkansas Practice Model
		Vision
		Every child has a safe and stable home every single day.
		DCFS Priorities
		The Arkansas Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS) has collaboratively designed a practice framework to guide the top three priorities of the agency.
		 Safely stabilize and preserve families; and if that is not possible Safely care for children and quickly reunify children to their families of origin. If children must be removed from the home, relative and fictive kin caregivers will be considered immediately and throughout the entire engagement with the family; and if reunification is not possible Safely support the permanency, well-being, and development of culturally safe lifelong relationships for children and youth.
Practice Model	12	At One Table
		Arkansas Practice Model DCFS Values
		Value 1: Relationships with children, youth, and families are the foundation
		Value 2: Collaborative partnerships with resource families
		Value 3: Helping children and youth achieve their full potential and develop lifelong relationships
		Value 4: Shared responsibility with community partners
		Value 5: A strong working relationship with the legal system
		Value 6: A workplace culture characterized by reflection, appreciation, and ongoing learning
Practice Model	13	At One Table
		Arkansas Practice Model
		Remember
		How we do the work is just as important as the work we do.
		Visit the full <i>At One Table</i> document to learn more about the guiding principles and agency practices associated with each of the Practice Model values, plus key actions you can take as an Extra Help FSW to operationalize these values and principles.

Family-Centered Approach	14	Underlying both the mission and the Practice Model is a philosophy of a family-centered approach.
		Services that are considered family-centered are based on the belief that the best place for children to grow up is in a family.
		The most effective way to ensure children's safety, permanency, and well-being is to provide services that engage, involve, strengthen, and support families.
DCFS Big Picture	15	Constantly assess (left to right):
		 current safety threats risk of harm / future agency reinvolvement protective factors in the family and community
		Provide in-home services = strengthen and support families
		Work for safety, permanency, and well-being for the child(ren)
		Investigate & assess allegations (claims) of child maltreatment
		Engage and join with families to mutually solve problems
		Find permanent homes for children who cannot return to their caregivers' home
		Help get families back together = reunification services Remember cultural needs when working with families
		Arrange temporary out-of-home placement if that is the only way to ensure safety
Teamwork	16	Protecting Children Takes Everyone
		There are many people who work alongside DCFS to protect children.
		The agency works within a team of community providers and resources.
		There is no one agency that has all of the answers or needed resources.
Professionals	17	On the following slides you will learn about other professionals that you may encounter. (pictures must be flipped to be revealed)
CACD	18	The Crimes Against Children Division (CACD):
		 Investigates severe child abuse Coordinates with criminal investigators in the Arkansas State Police Coordinates with local law enforcement Coordinates with DCFS related to safety of children
		Coordinates with DCI 5 related to safety of children

Mental Health	19	Mental Health Professionals
		The mental health professional focuses on prevention, screening, assessment, and treatment of mental disorders and behavioral conditions.
Law	20	Law Enforcement
Enforcement		Law enforcement focuses on investigating crime, bringing criminals to justice, and protecting and serving the community.
Medical	21	Medical Professionals
Professionals		Health care professionals focus on diagnosing and treating the whole person, preventing disease, and improving the quality of life.
CASA	22	CASA (Court Appointed Special Advocate)
		CASA is a volunteer who is appointed by the Juvenile Judge (not every child in out-of-home care will have a CASA appointed to them).
		CASA focuses on:
		 Advocating for the child Ensuring safety, permanency, and well-being for the child
Prosecuting Attorney	23	Prosecuting Attorney
		The Prosecuting Attorney is an elected official whose focus is on:
		Punishment for criminalsProtecting society
Juvenile Judge	24	Juvenile Judge
		The Juvenile Judge presides over the courtroom, decides whether abuse or neglect has occurred, and decides whether a child should be removed from home or stay in the out-of-home care
Attorney Ad	25	Attorney Ad Litem
Litem		The Attorney ad Litem is the court appointed attorney for the child who works to represent the best interests of the child.
		The child is the client.
Acronyms	26	Acronyms provide people with a quick way of referring to programs, forms, or services.
		However, acronyms can sometimes be confusing.
		Click on the handout in the next slide to see the list of acronyms associated with child welfare work.

DCFS Acronyms	27	Acronyms
		Click for Handout (DCFS Acronyms PDF)
Key Concept	28	Reasonable Efforts
		Federal law mandates that DCFS must make reasonable efforts to prevent removal when possible, to reunite the family when removal is necessary, and to obtain a safe and permanent home when the family cannot be reunified.
		Reasonable efforts impact federal funding for payments to maintain a child if the child comes into care.
REVIEW	29	Review
Multiple Choice	30	What is the FIRST goal of the work of the agency?
		A. To ensure that families have utilities and food
		B. To ensure the safety and well-being of children
		C. To ensure there's a lot of children available for adoption D. To ensure the rights of caregivers to raise children as they wish
Multiple Chaire	24	
Multiple Choice	31	Reasonable Efforts is a KEY concept because:
		A. It outlines if the agency is doing its job
		B. The worker's pay raises are tied to Reasonable Efforts
		C. It impacts federal funding for maintaining children in out-of-home
		D. It helps pay for preventive services
Case	32	Important Case Information to Know
Information	32	important Cuse information to Know
		Keep going to review important information the Extra Help FSW needs to know to prepare to make home visits.
Case	33	Important Case Information to Know
Information		
		· Have there ever been any threats made to a worker by someone in the home?
		 Who lives in the home? Who are you visiting? Are there any restrictions on who should be living in the home?
		· Why is there DCFS involvement?
Case	34	Important Case Information to Know
Information		What is going on with the family now?
		 What is going on with the family now? How long has the case been open?
		· Are Contacts / CANS / FAST / Family Case Plan / Court Reports up to date?
		· According to the Family Case Plan, who is supposed to be doing what?
		· Are there any waivers in place?
		Other questions you can think of?
Cultural	35	Cultural Awareness and Humility
Awareness		Cultural awareness and humility can improve efforts to build relationships and can improve service delivery and outcomes.

Cultural Awareness	36	Everyone is influenced by their own ethnic, cultural, racial, and language backgrounds.
		However, no one is completely defined by their ethnic, cultural, racial, or language background.
		Individuals and families are unique.
Cultural Humility	37	Cultural Humility
		We all share a common American culture.
		Our country contains many racial and ethnic subcultures with their own distinctive characteristics.
Cultural Humility	38	Cultural Humility
пипппц		Cultural humility focuses on being aware
		of your own assumptions and beliefs.
		Extra Help FSWs are encouraged to develop a respectful partnership with
		each client and a respectful attitude toward diverse points of view.
Cultural	39	Terms
Humility		
		Race- A category of humankind that shares certain distinctive physical traits; a group of persons related by common descent or heredity.
		Culture- The sum total of a person's lifestyle, e.g., their laws, rituals, beliefs, values, food, music, and language.
		Ethnicity- A social group that shares a common and distinctive culture, religion, and/or language.
		Stereotype- A widely held, fixed, and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of person or thing.
Cultural Humility	40	We can experience problems when we assume
		· That all people who belong to a group will behave like others from that group.
		· That all members of a group share the same values, practices, and behaviors.
Cultural	41	Ask Yourself
Humility		
		Are you aware of any assumptions you have that could make it hard for you to get to know people who belong to a specific group?

Cultural Humility			
Cultural Humility		42	Have you ever experienced someone making an assumption about you because of race, gender, or age? If so, what was that assumption? Was the assumption accurate?
Knowledge Check A. A widely held but fixed and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of person. B. A category of humans that share physical traits. C. A desirable belief about a group of people. D. A desirable belief about a group of people. Knowledge Check 46 Cultural Humility is best described as: A. Knowing specific details about a wide variety of cultures and values. B. Understanding the humiliation of being different. C. Creating a cultural library of traits and behaviors typical of a specific culture. D. Developing and practicing self-awareness and reflection in interactions with others in regard to cultural differences. Knowledge Check 47 Understanding the factors that shape and influence families, as well as your interactions with families, can make you more effective and can help improve outcomes. Video Introduction 48 Excellent! You have completed the first half of the online training. There is one more resource that will help you to better understand the work of DCFS. The video is "DHS Family Service Worker Realistic Job Preview." Click Next to begin the video and complete the training.		43	
Check A. A widely held but fixed and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of person. B. A category of humans that share physical traits. C. A desirable belief about a group of people. D. A desirable belief about a group of people. Knowledge Check 46 Cultural Humility is best described as: A. Knowing specific details about a wide variety of cultures and values. B. Understanding the humiliation of being different. C. Creating a cultural library of traits and behaviors typical of a specific culture. D. Developing and practicing self-awareness and reflection in interactions with others in regard to cultural differences. Knowledge Check 47 Understanding the factors that shape and influence families, as well as your interactions with families, can make you more effective and can help improve outcomes. Video Introduction There is one more resource that will help you to better understand the work of DCFS. The video is "DHS Family Service Worker Realistic Job Preview." Click Next to begin the video and complete the training.	Review Time	44	TIME FOR A REVIEW!
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VIDEO 49 "DHS Family Service Worker Realistic Job Preview."		48	There is one more resource that will help you to better understand the work of DCFS. The video is "DHS Family Service Worker Realistic Job Preview." Click Next to begin the video and complete the training.
	VIDEO	49	"DHS Family Service Worker Realistic Job Preview."

End	50	Thank you for taking the time to complete the Extra Help FSW Orientation Training. We look forward to meeting you for the classroom portion of the training soon!
		THE END
Quiz Results	51	Review Area